

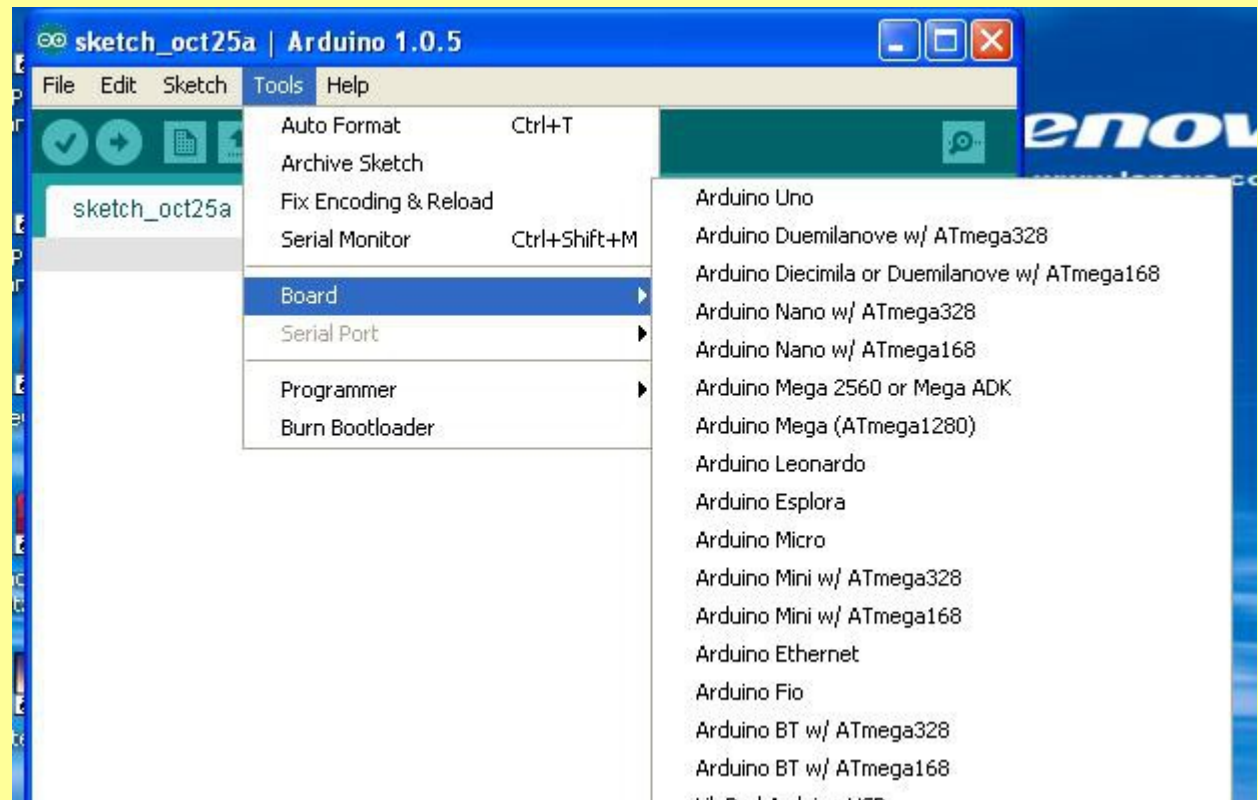
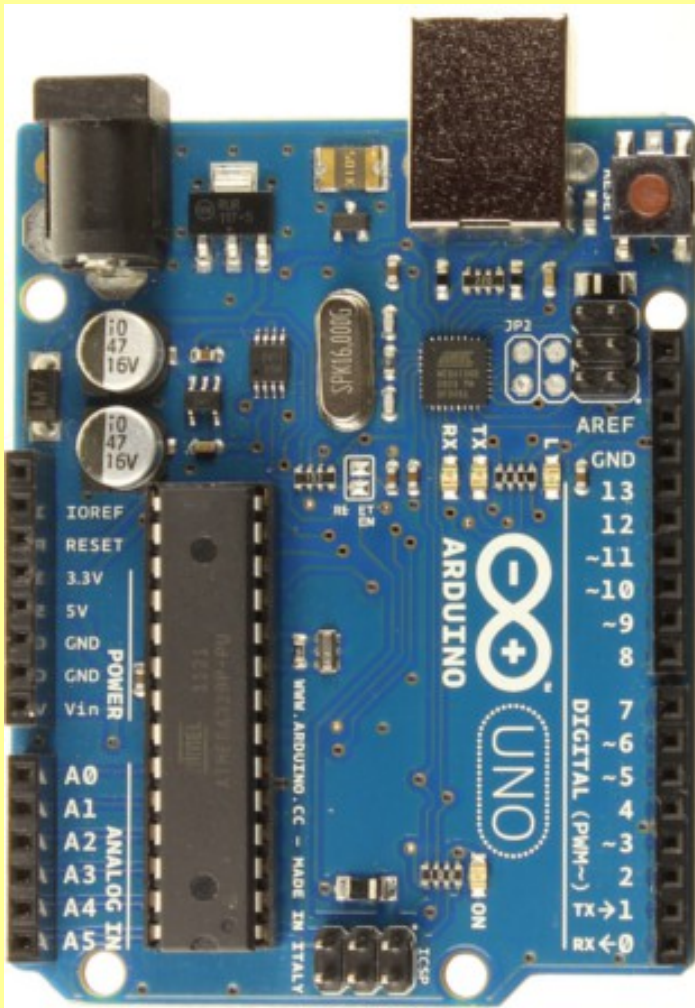
# Using Arduino as a Hardware Programmer

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K-LUG Presentation  
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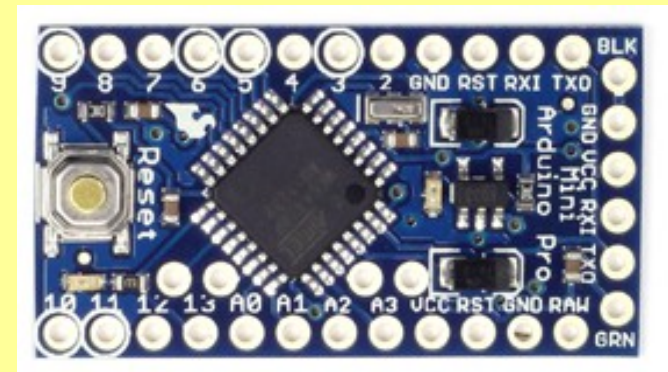
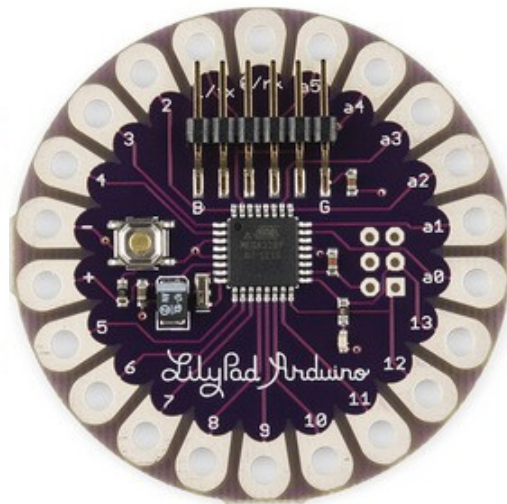
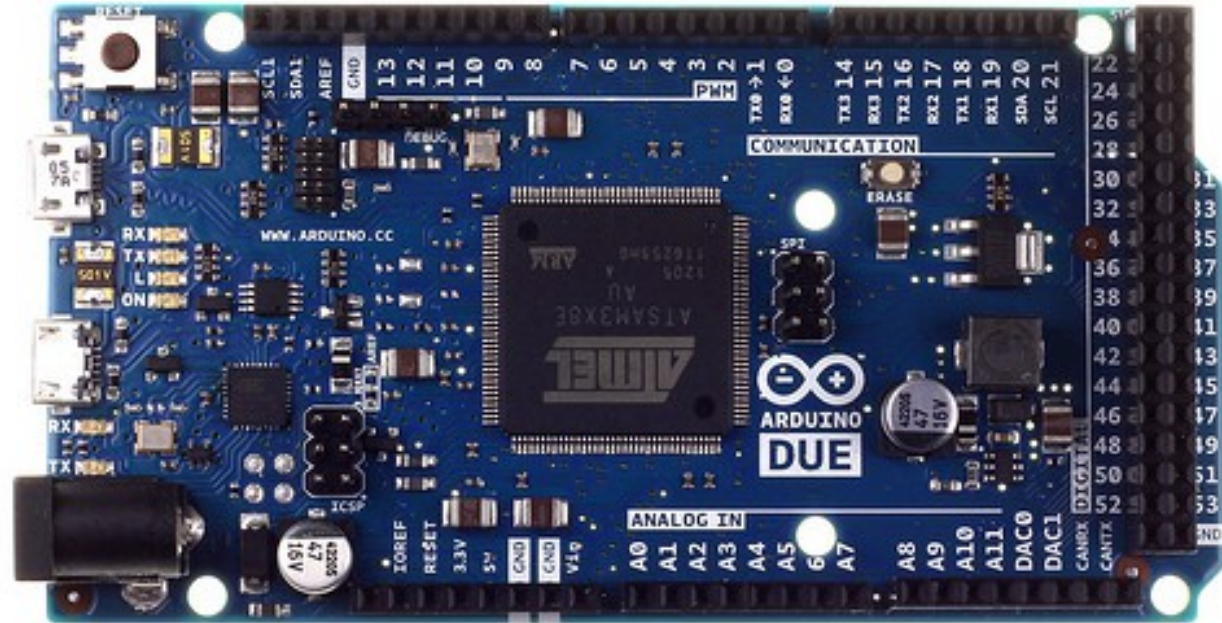
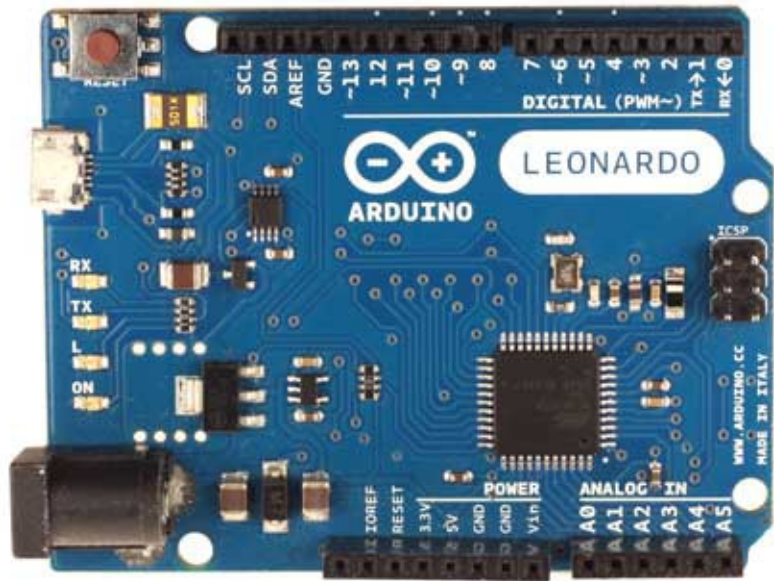
# Basic Arduino

- Hardware and software combination
- Oriented to ATmega328
- Extendability by use of configuration files
- Most complexity hidden from user
- Uses boot-loader capability of ATmega328
- Options to install boot-loader

# Basic Arduino



# Some Mega Based Variants



# Arduino Hardware Programming

- The Arduino contains a serial boot-loader in protected flash memory
- On reset the boot-loader is called
  - If serial handshake is successful new application code is downloaded and executed
  - If no serial handshake, existing application is executed

# Arduino Hardware Programming

- The boot-loader is loaded into flash via the SPI interface using a special protocol
- An Arduino sketch can implement the SPI protocol so that an Arduino can program the boot-loader into an unprogrammed ATmega32  
<http://arduino.cc/en/Tutorial/ArduinoISP>
- This same sketch can be used to program the flash on other AT chips – in our case the ATtiny 85

# Atmel ATtiny Chips

- The ATtiny is a series of low cost, fewer features chips
- We will look at the 8 pin ATtiny85 family  
[http://www.atmel.com/Images/Atmel-2586-AVR-8-bit-Microcontroller-ATtiny25-ATtiny45-ATtiny85\\_Datasheet.pdf](http://www.atmel.com/Images/Atmel-2586-AVR-8-bit-Microcontroller-ATtiny25-ATtiny45-ATtiny85_Datasheet.pdf)
- These have
  - 2K/4K/8K of flash and 128/256/512 bytes of ram
  - 2 8 bit timers (PWM), ADC, USI (for SPI and I<sup>2</sup>C)
  - No async serial support

# Programming an ATtiny

- Remember the Arduino environment is driven by text configuration files
- We need a file to describe the chip features to the compiler
- We need a file to define the chip hardware to the hardware programmer
- This work has been done – all we need to do is download and use it!

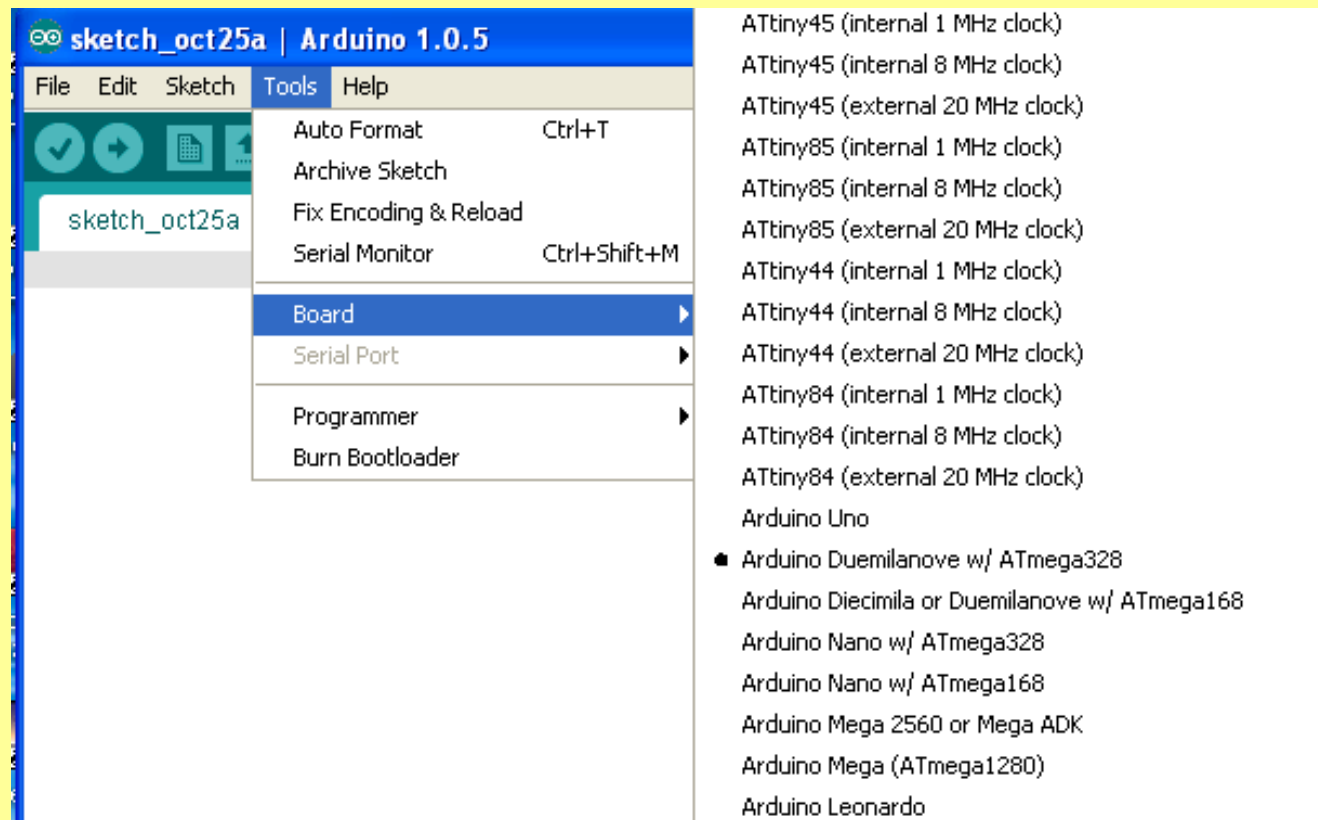


# Programming an ATtiny

- Details are covered at <http://hlt.media.mit.edu/?p=1695>
- Download the ATtiny master.zip file and put the attiny directory in a directory named hardware in your sketch directory
- This will add the configuration files needed to develop code for the ATtiny84A and ATtiny85 chips.

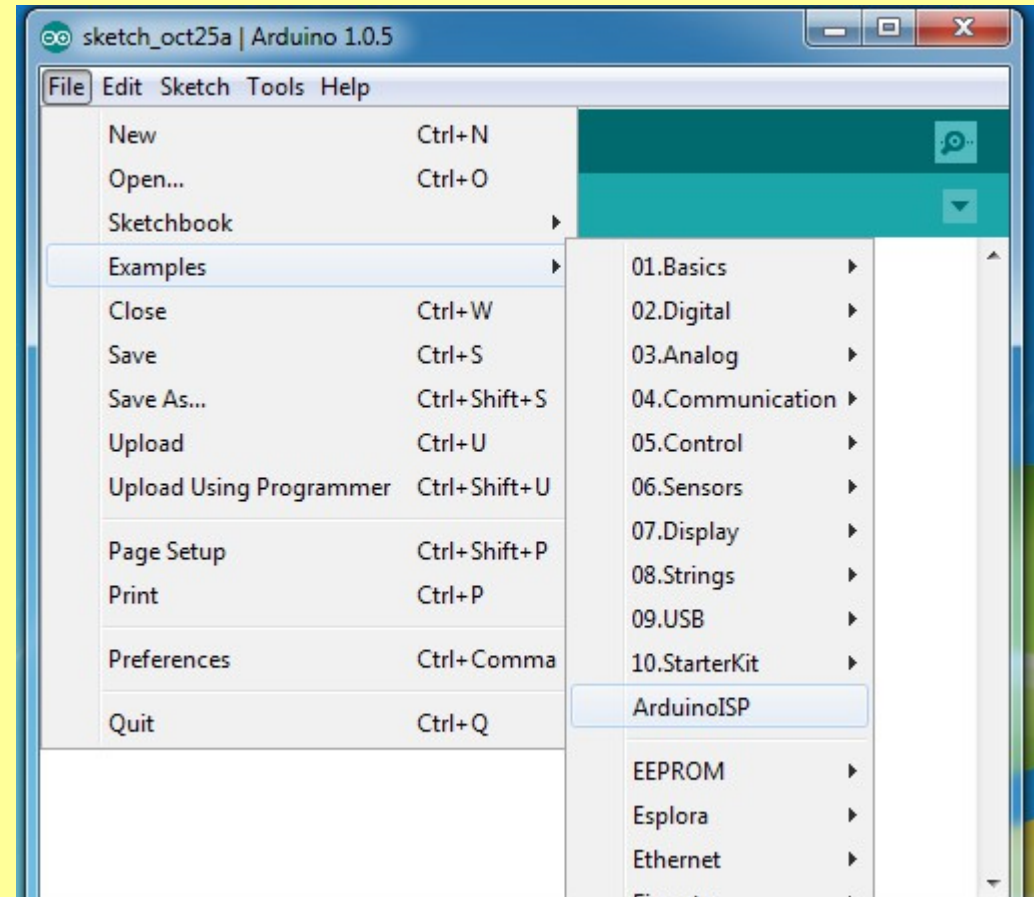
# Programming an ATtiny

- Start the Arduino IDE and you will see new options



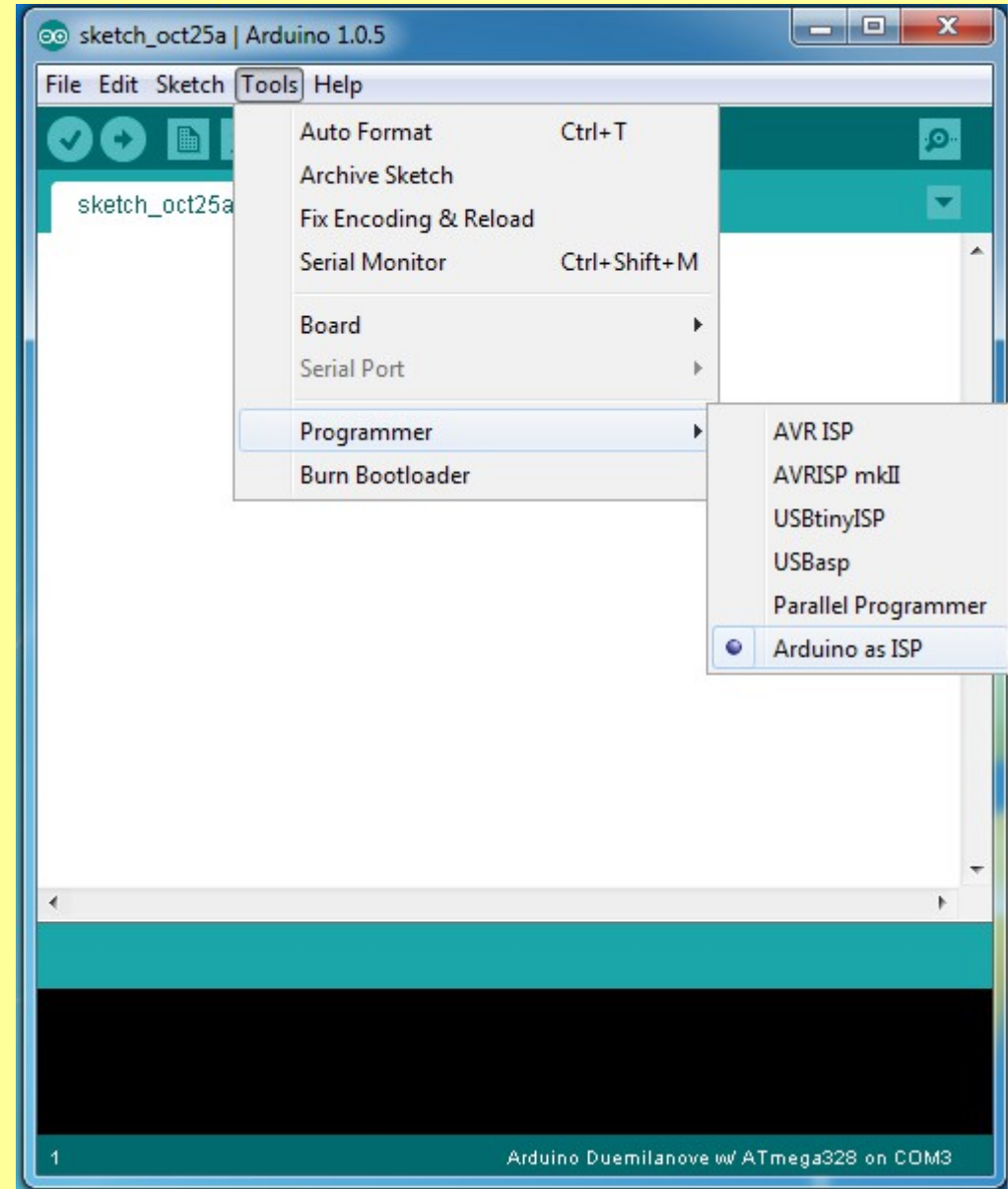
# Programming an ATtiny

- You need to program an Arduino to be the flash loader
- Download this sketch into your Arduino



# Programming an ATtiny

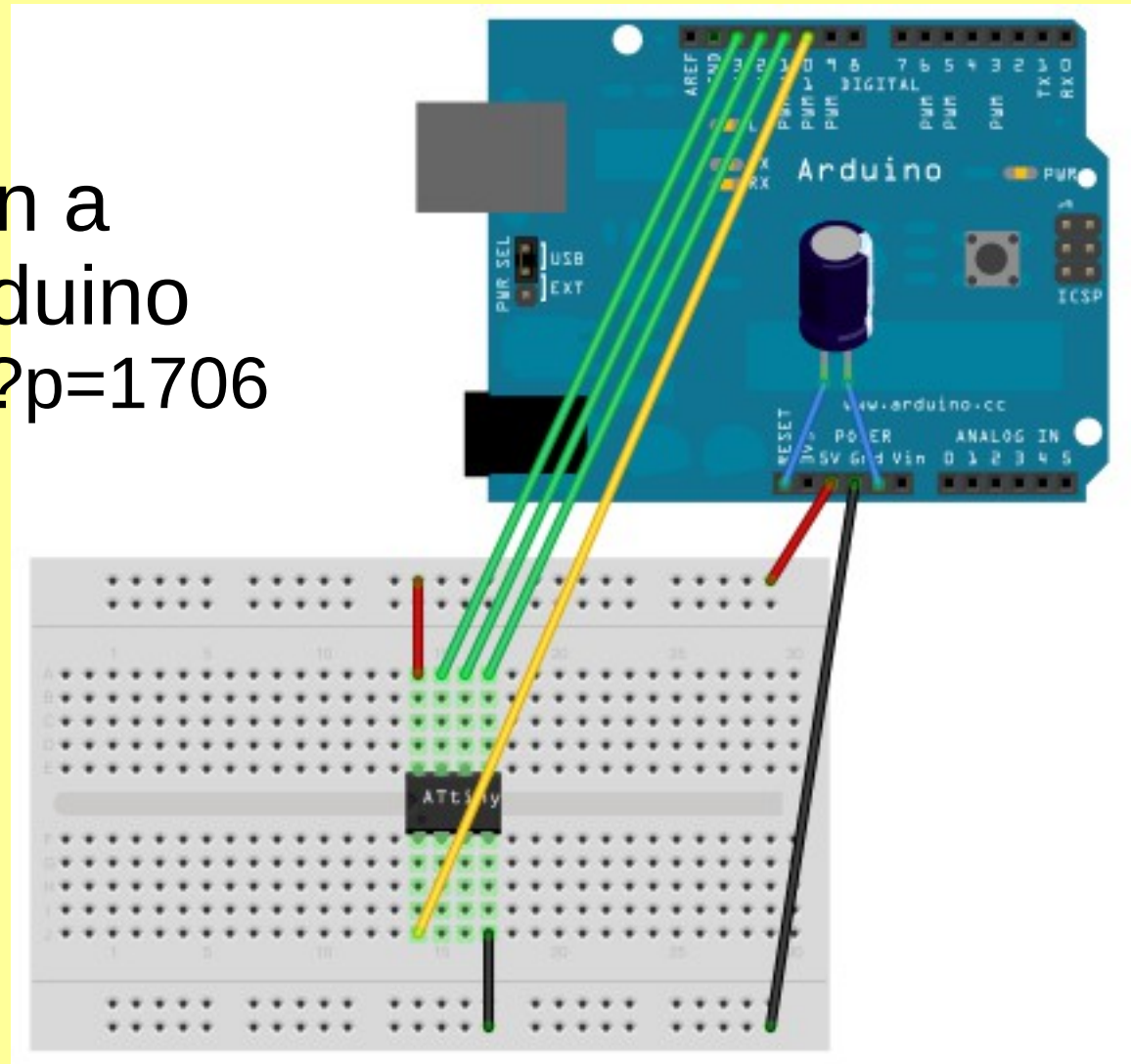
- Select the Arduino as the flash programmer



# Programming an ATtiny

- Connect the ATtiny on a breadboard to the Arduino  
<http://hlt.media.mit.edu/?p=1706>

Note: You may need a  
~10uf cap from reset to  
ground



# Programming an ATtiny

- Pick the ATtiny chip you want to use from the Tools → Board options.
- Depending on the options you picked for the ATtiny you may have to set the hardware configuration bits
- To set the configurations bits click Tools → Burn Bootloader
- You only have to do this once
- For the ATtiny this doesn't burn a bootloader – it just sets the configuration bits

# Programming an ATtiny

- Write your code for the ATtiny within the limits supported by the chip.
- Click the upload icon to load your code into the ATtiny
- Disconnect the programming jumpers and power
- Attach your peripherals and power up to test

# Leonardo Considerations

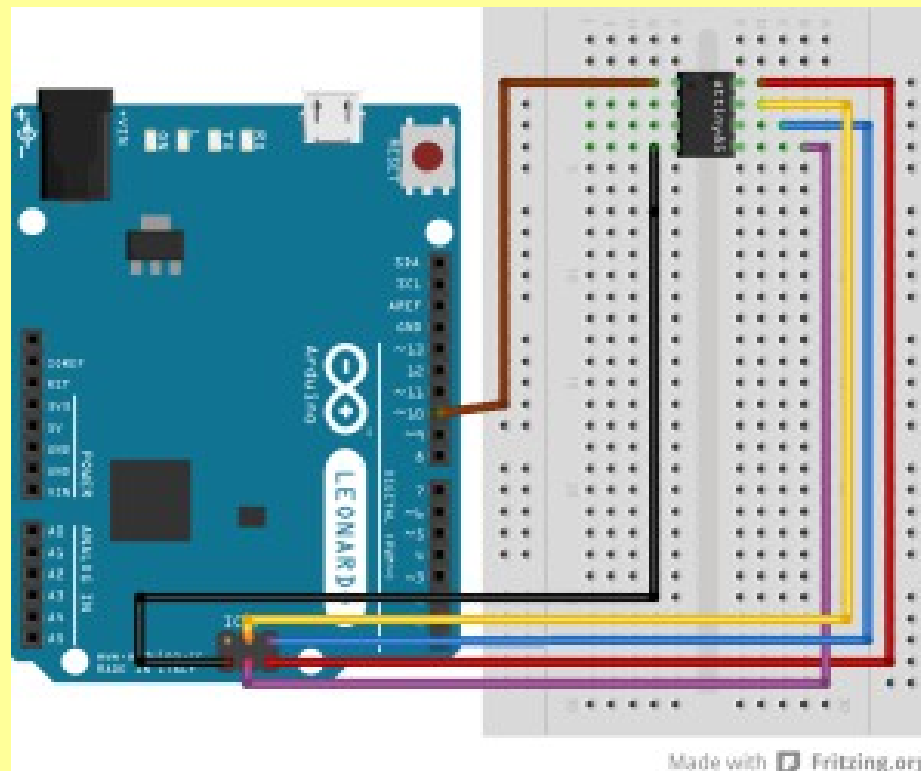
- See <http://petervanhoyweghen.wordpress.com/2012/09/16/arduinoisp-on-the-leonardo/>
- The Leonardo does not have the SPI interface on the digital pins so the 6 pin ICSP header must be used
- The SS signal doesn't exist
  - In the ArduinoISP.ino sketch change  
`#define RESET SS`  
into:  
`#define RESET 10`



# Leonardo Considerations

The Leonardo connections to the ICSP header and digital pin 10 for reset

These will also work for original Arduino versions



# Leonardo - Got Windows?

- You are not finished yet – the default programming protocol doesn't work – see previous link
- Add the following as programmers.txt to a leofix folder in your hardware folder

arduinopleo.name=Arduino as ISP (Leonardo)

arduinopleo.communication=serial

arduinopleo.protocol=arduino

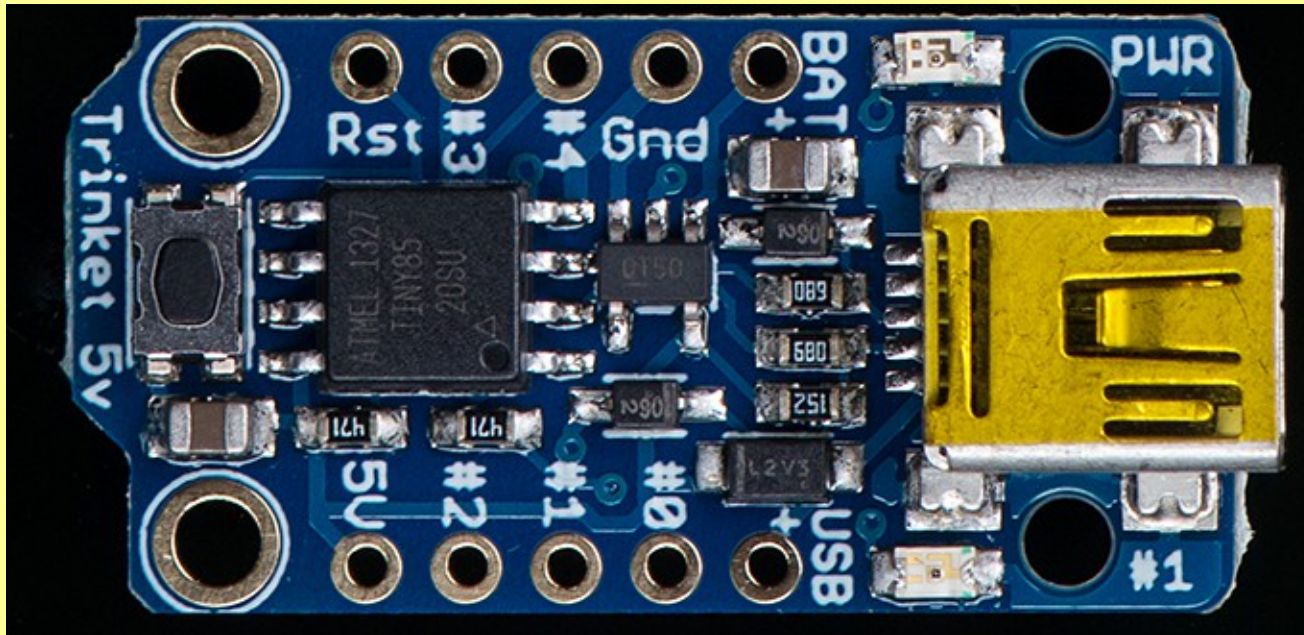
arduinopleo.speed=19200

- When you restart the IDE there will be new entry in Tools → Programmer

Arduino as ISP (Leonardo)

# Is All This Too Much Work?

- Go to <http://www.adafruit.com/category/167> and get a Trinket for about \$8
- This is an ATtiny85 with a USB bootloader – but there are some limitations



# IR Remote Demo

- The ATtiny85 will be used to decode the NEC protocol and modify I/O pins based on the IR remote signals
- The NEC protocol gives an 8 bit device code and an 8 bit command code for a button press on the remote
- An IR receiver chip is used to demodulate the IR signal and pass the raw digital data stream to the ATtiny85

# IR Remote Demo

- The ATtiny85 will decode the serial digital data stream and extract the device and command codes
- Selected command codes will control I/O pins
- The SoftwareSerial library will be used to send the device and command codes to the PC via a USB to serial cable.